Pima County Clerk of the Superior Court Clerk Technology Division (CTD)

Disaster Recovery Plan



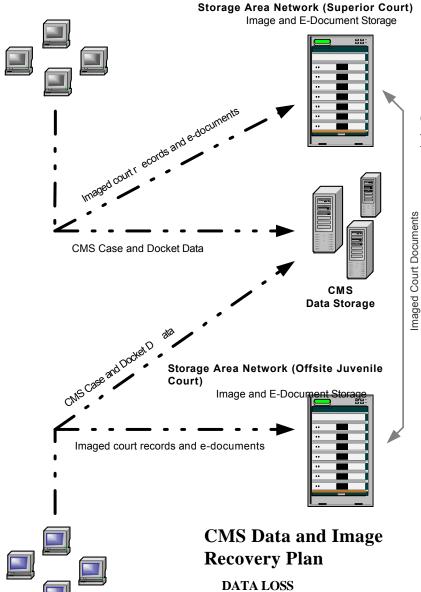
Revised: 11-03

Imaged Court Document Backup and Recovery Plan

CMS Data and Image Infrastructure

Core data elements will be initiated and maintained by the Clerk's Office. Updates to the database are made in real time to the Clerk's CMS database.

Imaged documents are stored on the Clerk's SAN. The SAN is comprised of two IP4700 and one FC 4700 storage units. The combined storage is just over 1.5 GB of usable, redundant storage.



CMS Data and Image Backup Pla

CMS Database backups are contained in multiple areas. This includes backups to local storage, external storage, and tape.

Images are backed up nightly to the remote storage at the Juvenile site and locally on DVD.

In the event of data loss, the course of action will be to restore from the local backup, then the external backup, and (if necessary) the tape backup.

IMAGE LOSS

In the event of image loss, the database will be queried to determine the extent of the loss. Then, the lost images will be cataloged for immediate restoration from either the local backup (DVD) or from the offsite backup.

HARDWARE LOSS

In the event of hardware loss, the CMS database environment will be recreated as quickly as possible on an alternate server.

If the SAN hardware crashes, image data can be retrieved from the offsite storage (Invente)

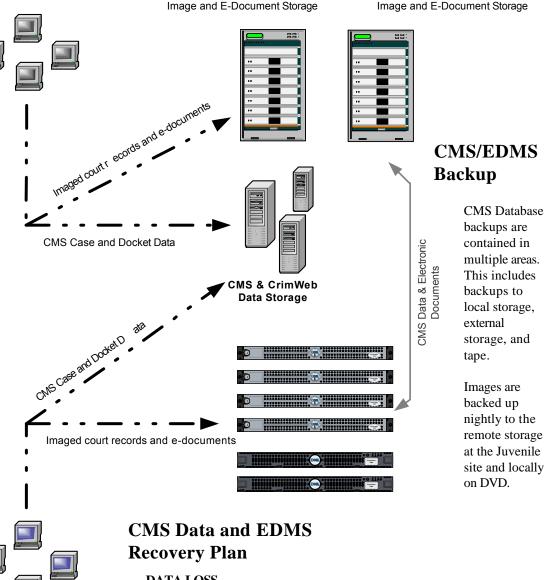
Imaged Court Document Backup and Recovery Plan (ETA 12/03)

CMS Data and Image Infrastructure

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Imaged documents are stored on the Clerk's SAN. The SAN is comprised of two IP4700 and one FC 4700 storage units. The combined storage is just over 1.5 GB of usable, redundant storage.

To address future growth, the IP4700 originally deployed at the Juvenile site will be redeployed at the main Superior Court site



Storage Area Network (Superior Court\$torage Area Network (Redeployed)

multiple areas.

remote storage at the Juvenile site and locally

DATA LOSS

In the event of data loss, the course of action will be to restore from the local backup, then the external backup, and (if necessary) the tape backup.

IMAGE LOSS

In the event of image loss, the database will be queried to determine the extent of the loss. Then, the lost images will be cataloged for immediate restoration from either the local backup (DVD) or from the offsite backup.

HARDWARE LOSS

In the event of massive hardware loss or main site disaster, the CMS database environment will be recreated as quickly as possible at the Juvenile Court site.

If the SAN hardware crashes, image data can be retrieved from the offsite storage (Juvenile).

CMS and EDMS Disaster Recovery Plan - Offsite Fallback

Critical Application Offsite Redundancy

In the event of a major outage at the Superior Court complex, all of the Clerk's major applications (CMS, CrimWeb, and EDMS) are replicated out at the Juvenile Court site.

The fallback servers that power CMS, CrimWeb, and EDMS are meant to handle Clerk functions in a smaller scale. Complete replication of the fallback hardware at Superior Court would be too costly. The fallback hardware can handle the daily workload volume, but is not equipped to handle the entire EDMS and public record search user base (approxiamately 9,000 unique users).

The CMS and CrimWeb applications are backed up to their respective fallback server counterparts at the Juvenile site.

A single web server is used to serve up the EDMS and record search retrieval functions.

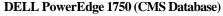
To support our production electronic documents, the Clerk will use network attached storage (NAS) units. Production electronic documents are backed up to the NAS units nightly. The NAS requirements are just under 1 TB of storage. Additional NAS units will be deployed as needed.

Production electronic documents are also archived to WORM optical media (DVD). A copy of each DVD backup is stored at both the Superior Court and Juvenile



DELL PowerEdge 1750 (Web Server)

Dual 3.06 GHz (512KB - 533 FSB) 1 GB RAM (266 MHz - 4 DIMMS) 2 x 73 GB (SCSI Hot Plug - 10K RPM) Onboard Raid 1 Windows 2003 Web Server Ed.



Dual 2.8 GHz (512KB - 533 FSB) 1 GB RAM (266 MHz - 4 DIMMS) 2 x146 GB (SCSI Hot Plug - 10K RPM) Onboard Raid 1 Windows 2003 Server w/ 5 CALs



DELL PowerEdge 1750 (CrimWeb Database)

Dual 2.8 GHz (512KB - 533 FSB) 1 GB RAM (266 MHz - 4 DIMMS) 2 x146 GB (SCSI Hot Plug - 10K RPM) Onboard Raid 1 Windows 2003 Server w/ 5 CALs



DELL PowerVault (Image Storage)

P4 2.4 GHz 1 GB DDR 266 (2 512 DIMMS) Four 250 GB Mirrored (475 + useable)



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Web Traffic Control

CMS/EDMS Web Retrieval

All Internet traffic must pass through Pima County's Firewall. Pima County's firewall services all county entities within the county complex.

Web (HTTP) requests passing through the county firewall are handled by the Clerk's web server.

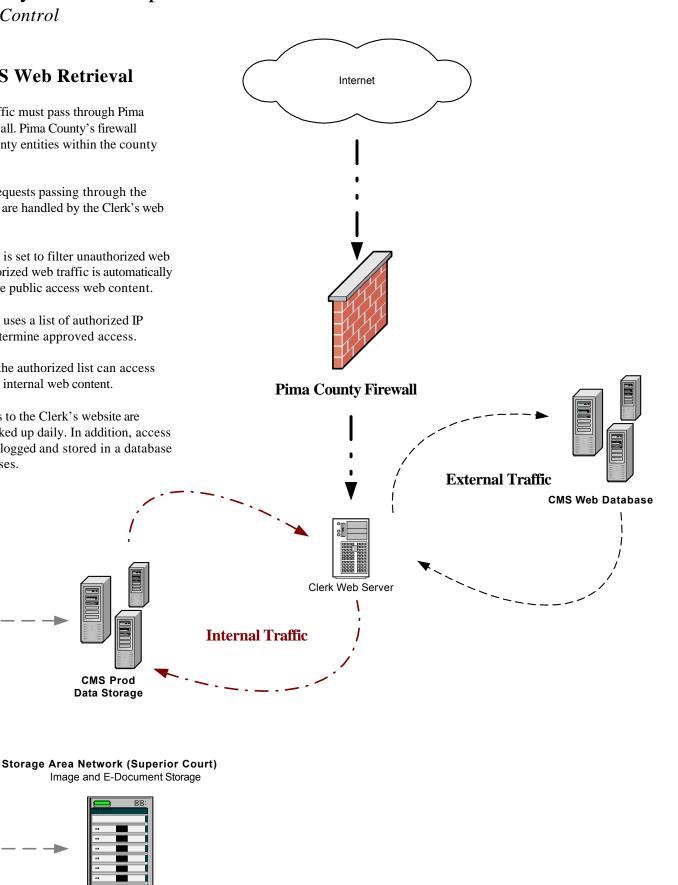
The web server is set to filter unauthorized web traffic. Unauthorized web traffic is automatically forwarded to the public access web content.

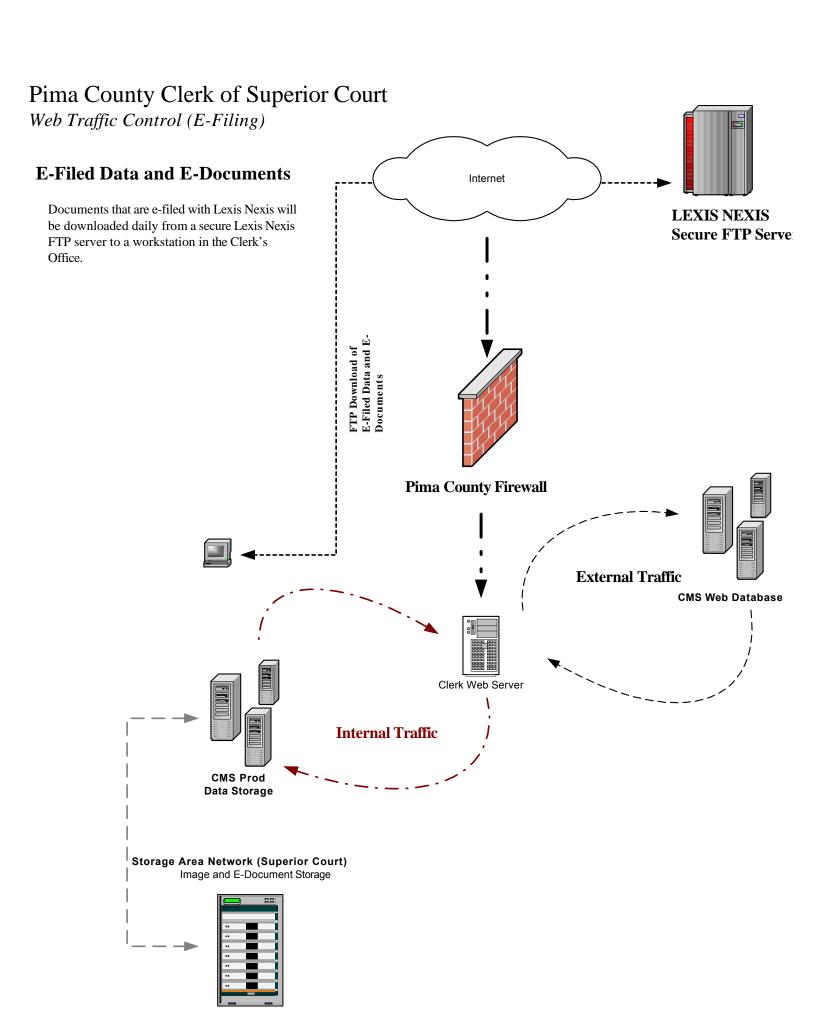
The web server uses a list of authorized IP addresses to determine approved access.

Requestors on the authorized list can access either public or internal web content.

All connections to the Clerk's website are logged and backed up daily. In addition, access to cases is also logged and stored in a database for audit purposes.

> **CMS Prod Data Storage**





Pima County Clerk of the Superior Court *E-Filing Model*

Court Link will zip the all e-filed documents and stage the file for FTP. The "zip" process is a means of compressing E-Filed info and packaging data into one file. When the file is unzipped, staged all files are returned to their original state. FTP (file transfer protocol) is an Internet based means of transferring files from one point to another. E-Filed Info Each day's zip file must be downloaded from the Court Link secure FTP site. E-filed documents are not downloaded available for download until the next business day. E-Filed documents Once the file or files have been downloaded, they must be unzipped. unzipped The zip file will contain a text file and filed E-Filed info documents in PDF format. The text file will require conversion into CMS and possibly AZTEC. PDF processed images will need to be properly cataloged and stored in the Clerk's Imaging SAN. YES E-Filed Data is Verify verified using a E-Filing **TBD** application NO An application is created by COC IT to allow a data entry operator to verify **Unverified data is** that the incoming data is correct. This converted into application may also need to provide mechanism for correcting e-filed data. **CMS** Verified information is then converted into CMS and AZTEC.

E-Filed data is verified on the Court Link Website by COC staff. However, information stored in the Court Link system may not match up properly with CMS (parties, docket entries, etc.).

Data from Court Link is converted into CMS "as is".

Data Uploaded to CMS/AZTEC

E-Filing Conceptual Model

1 Case Party E-File Court Documents

